1	MAX D. NORRIS, ESQ. (SBN 284974) STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
2	DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL RELATIO DIVISION OF LABOR STANDARDS ENFOR		
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5	Attorney for the Labor Commissioner		
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8		OR COMMISSIONER	
9	OF THE STATE	OF CALIFORNIA	
10	DEVEDICE DATIENT '- 1'- ' 11	CASE NO TAGENCO	
11 12	BEVERLEE BAILEY, an individual,	CASE NO. TAC 52696	
13	Petitioner,		
14	,	DETERMINATION OF CONTROVERSY	
15	VS.		
16	JORDAN McKIRAHAN, an individual dba		
17	JORDAN McKIRAHAN TALENT AGENCY,		
18	Respondent.		
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20	LINTED	NDUCTION	
21		DDUCTION pursuant to Labor Code section 1700.44, was filed	
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23	on April 9, 2019, by BEVERLEE BAILEY, an individual (hereinafter "Petitioner"), alleging that JORDAN McKIRAHAN, an individual dba JORDAN McKIRAHAN TALENT AGENCY (hereinafter "Respondent"), issued her a check for \$1,520.00 in residuals earned for a second year run of a commercial, which when the check was attempted to be negotiated was returned by the bank as the account lacked sufficient funds. The bank subsequently charged Petitioner \$12.00 for		
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27	the NSF check.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
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On July 17, 2019, a hearing was held by the undersigned attorney specially designated by the Labor Commissioner to hear this matter. Petitioner appeared in *pro per* and gave sworn testimony. Respondent failed to appear and failed to file an Answer in response to BAILEY's Petition to Determine Controversy. Due consideration having been given to the testimony of all parties present, documentary evidence and oral argument presented, the Labor Commissioner adopts the following determination of controversy.

II. BACKGROUND FACTS

- 1. Petitioner is an actor in commercials.
- 2. Respondent is a licensed talent agency registered with the State Labor Commissioner and remained a licensed talent agent throughout the relevant period.
- 3. On August 1, 2017 Respondent booked Petitioner a commercial with a client named Constant Contact, which was reduced to a contract entitled "Constant Contact Television Commercial Talent Release" which called the shoot "Doris is Down" and contemplated an initial payment of "\$2,075.00 (+20% agents fee) for fitting (\$75), session (\$500) and one years use (\$1,500.00) for 1:30 and 1:15 Version of "Doris is Down"." The contract further contemplated additional payment to Petitioner for additional years of use: "2nd Year use at \$1,650.00 (+20% agents fee)..." and so on. The contract was admitted as evidence at hearing.
- 4. On August 11, 2017 Petitioner executed the commercial shoot, which included Petitioner having to fall repeatedly on a concrete floor without any consideration for her safety.
- 5. After completing the commercial shoot, Petitioner was paid residuals based upon the initial one-year term of use (see above). After that one year period ended, Petitioner still saw her commercial on television. So in early October 2018, Petitioner called Respondent asking if Constant Contact had picked up the "2nd Year Use" Option. Respondent told Petitioner that he had indeed just heard from Constant Contact. After having to call and email Respondent repeatedly, Respondent sent Petitioner a check for \$1,520.00 of residuals. Petitioner credibly testified that she received the check from Respondent shortly after the date it was issued, January 6, 2019. Unfortunately, when Petitioner attempted to cash this check with her bank, it was returned as Respondent's bank account did not have sufficient funds to negotiate it.

- 6. The check and statement showing that the check was returned and a \$12.00 NSF fee was charged to Petitioner was admitted as evidence, and establishes that Respondent not only bounced the check he wrote to Petitioner for her residuals, but that Respondent failed to keep these funds in a trust account as required by Labor Code section 1700.25.
- 7. On April 1, 2019, Petitioner attempted to terminate her contract with Respondent, but he has failed to respond.

III. LEGAL ANALYSIS

- 1. Labor Code section 1700.4, subsection (b), includes "models" in the definition of "artist" and Petitioner is therefore an "artist" thereunder.
 - 2. At all times relevant, Respondent was a licensed talent agent.
- 3. Labor Code section 1700.23 provides that the Labor Commissioner is vested with jurisdiction over "any controversy between the artist and the talent agency relating to the terms of the contract," and the Labor Commissioner's jurisdiction has been held to include the resolution of contract claims brought by artists or agents seeking damages for breach of a talent agency contract. Garson v. Div. Of Labor Law Enforcement (1949) 33 Cal.2d 861; Robinson v. Superior Court (1950) 35 Cal.2d 379. Therefore, the Labor Commissioner has jurisdiction to determine this matter, which stems from a violation of the express terms of the Contract.
 - 4. Labor Code section 1700.25 provides in pertinent part:
 - (a) A licensee who receives any payment of funds on behalf of an artist shall immediately deposit that amount in a trust fund account maintained by him or her in a bank or other recognized depository. The funds, less the licensee's commission, shall be disbursed to the artist within 30 days after receipt. However, notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the licensee may retain the funds beyond 30 days of receipt in either of the following circumstances:
 - (1) To the extent necessary to offset an obligation of the artist to the talent agency that is then due and owing.
 - (2) When the funds are the subject of a controversy pending before the Labor Commissioner under Section 1700.44 concerning a fee alleged to be owed by the artist to the licensee.
 - (b) A separate record shall be maintained of all funds received on behalf of an artist and the record shall further indicate the disposition of the funds.

- (e) If the Labor Commissioner finds, in proceedings under Section 1700.44, that the licensee's failure to disburse funds to an artist within the time required by subdivision (a) was a willful violation, the Labor Commissioner may, in addition to other relief under Section 1700.44, order the following:
 - (1) Award reasonable attorney's fees to the prevailing artist.
 - (2) Award interest to the prevailing artist on the funds wrongfully withheld at the rate of 10 percent per annum during the period of the violation.

Labor Code §1700.25.

- 5. Here, Petitioner credibly testified that in early October 2018, Respondent confirmed by telephone that Constant Contact had picked up the second year option and that Respondent had been paid by the production company for the additional year of use. Respondent sent a check for \$1,520.00 in earned commissions to Petitioner on or around January 6, 2019. Petitioner attempted to deposit that check in her bank account on January 16, 2019, and received notice on January 18, 2019 that the check had bounced due to insufficient funds. The face of the check does not indicate that the funds were drawn from a Client Trust Account, but rather look to be drawn from Mr. McKirahan's personal bank account, which makes clear that Respondent violated Labor Code section 1700.25 both as to failure to pay Petitioner within 30 days, but also a failure to keep that money in a Client Trust Account.
- 6. Thus, pursuant to Labor Code section 1700.25(e), Respondent willfully violated Labor Code section 1700.25(a), and pursuant to Labor Code section 1700.25(e)(2), Petitioner is awarded \$1,520.00 in commissions earned but still unpaid, \$12.00 for the NSF bank fee and interest thereupon at the rate of 10% per annum.
- 7. Petitioner's testimony regarding her repeated falls on a hard concrete floor raises concerns about Respondent's violation of Labor Code section 1700.33 which provides: "No talent agency shall send or cause to be sent, any artist to any place where the health, safety, or welfare of the artist could be adversely affected, the character of which place the talent agency could have ascertained upon reasonable inquiry."
- 8. From review of the "Constant Contact Television Commercial Talent Release" submitted by Petitioner as evidence at the Hearing, Respondent seemingly negotiated an "agents

1	fee" or what is commonly referred to as a "plus percentage" for himself on the "Doris is Down"	
2	commercial. While not plead here, this may violate Respondent's fiduciary duty to negotiate the	
3	maximum amount of monies for his client.	
4	ORDER	
5	For the reasons set forth above, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Respondent JORDAN	
6	McKIRAHAN, an individual dba JORDAN McKIRAHAN TALENT AGENCY, pay Petitioner	
7	BEVERLEE BAILEY \$1,520.00 in commissions earned, \$12.00 for the NSF Bank Fee and	
8	interest on the commissions from November 1, 2018 (30 days after admitted owed) through the	
9	date of the decision, or \$108.27, for a total due and owing by Respondent to Petitioner of	
10	\$1,640.27.	
11	IT IS SO ORDERED.	
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13	Dated: August 28, 2019 Respectfully Submitted,	
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16	By: MAX D. NORRIS	
17	Attorney for the Labor Commissioner	
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19	ADOPTED AS THE DETERMINATION OF THE LABOR COMMISSIONER	
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21	Dated: August, 2019 By: Lilia-Garcia Brower,	
22	California Labor Commissioner	
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1	PROOF OF SERVICE	
2	(Code of Civil Procedure § 1013A(3))	
3	STATE OF CALIFORNIA)) S.S.	
4	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES)	
5	I, Lindsey Lara, declare and state as follows:	
6 7	I am employed in the State of California, County of Los Angeles. I am over the age of eighteen years old and not a party to the within action; my business address is: 300 Oceangate, Suite 850, Long Beach, CA 90802.	
8	On September 24, 2019, I served the foregoing document described as: DETERMINATION OF CONTROVERSY on all interested parties in this action by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed as follows:	
10	Beverlee Bailev Jordan McKirahan	
11	dba Jordan McKirahan Talent Agency 6303 Owensmouth Avenue Woodland Hills, CA 91367	
12	(BY CERTIFIED MAIL) I am readily familiar with the business practice for collection	
and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal S correspondence shall be deposited with fully prepaid postage thereon for c with the United States Postal Service this same day in the ordinary course o	and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service. This	
	with the United States Postal Service this same day in the ordinary course of business at our office address in Long Beach, California. Service made pursuant to this paragraph,	
15 16	upon motion of a party served, shall be presumed invalid if the postal cancellation date of postage meter date on the envelope is more than one day after the date of deposit for mailing contained in this affidavit.	
17	(BY E-MAIL SERVICE) I caused such document(s) to be delivered electronically via e-mail to the e-mail address of the addressee(s) set forth above.	
18	☐ (STATE) I declare under penalty of perjury, under the laws of the State of	
19	California that the above is true and correct.	
20	Executed this 24th day of September 2019, at Long Beach, California.	
21	LLana	
22	Lindsey Lara	
23	Declarant	
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